1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 60th Legislature (2025)
3	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE FOR
4	HOUSE BILL NO. 1808 By: Newton
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7	COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
8	An Act relating to health insurance; creating the Ensuring Transparency in Prescription Drugs Prior
9	Authorization Act; defining terms; requiring disclosure and review of prior authorization for
10	prescription drugs; requiring certain personnel make adverse determinations; requiring consultation prior
11	to adverse determination; requiring consultation prior for reviewing physicians; providing an exception for
12	prior authorization; prohibiting certain retrospective denial; providing for length of prior
13	authorization; providing for length of prior authorization in special circumstances; providing
14	continuity of care; providing standard for transmission of authorization; providing for failure
15	to comply; providing for noncodification; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.
16	for courrent, and providing an effective date.
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19	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
20	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law not to be
21	codified in the Oklahoma Statutes reads as follows:
22	This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Ensuring
23	Transparency in Prescription Drugs Prior Authorization Act".
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1SECTION 2.NEW LAWA new section of law to be codified2in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.50 of Title 36, unless3there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

As used in this act:

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5 1. "Adverse determination" means a determination by a health carrier, pharmacy benefits manager (PBM), or its designee 6 7 utilization review entity that a prescription drug that is a covered benefit has been reviewed and, based upon the information provided, 8 9 does not meet the health plan's or PBM's requirements for medical necessity, appropriateness, health care setting, level of care, or 10 11 effectiveness, and the requested prescription drug or payment for 12 the prescription drug is therefore denied, reduced, or terminated as 13 defined by Section 6475.3 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

14 2. "Chronic condition" means a condition that lasts one (1) 15 year or more and requires ongoing medical attention or limits 16 activities of daily living or both;

3. "Clinical criteria" means the written policies, written
screening procedures, determination rules, determination abstracts,
clinical protocols, practice guidelines, medical protocols, and any
other criteria or rationale used by the utilization review entity to
determine the necessity and appropriateness of prescription drugs;

4. "Emergency health care services", with respect to an
emergency medical condition as defined in 42 U.S.C.A., Section
300gg-111, means:

Req. No. 13299

1 a medical screening examination, as required under a. 2 Section 1867 of the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C., Section 1395dd, or as would be required under such 3 4 section if such section applied to an independent, 5 freestanding emergency department, that is within the capability of the emergency department of a hospital 6 7 or of an independent, freestanding emergency department, as applicable, including ancillary 8 9 services routinely available to the emergency 10 department to evaluate such emergency medical 11 condition, and 12 within the capabilities of the staff and facilities b. 13 available at the hospital or the independent,

14 freestanding emergency department, as applicable, such 15 further medical examination and treatment as are 16 required under Section 1395dd of the Social Security 17 Act, or as would be required under such section if 18 such section applied to an independent, freestanding 19 emergency department, to stabilize the patient, 20 regardless of the department of the hospital in which 21 such further examination or treatment is furnished, as 22 defined by 42 U.S.C.A., Section 300gg-111;

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5. "Emergency Medical Treatment and Active Labor Act" or
 "EMTALA" means Section 1867 of the Social Security Act and
 associated regulations;

6. "Enrollee" means an individual who is enrolled in a health
care plan, including covered dependents, as defined by Section
6592.1 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

7 7. "Health care provider" means any person or other entity who 8 is licensed pursuant to the provisions of Title 59 or Title 63 of 9 the Oklahoma Statutes, or pursuant to the definition in Section 1-10 1708.1C of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

11 8. "Health plan" means a health benefit plan as defined by
12 Section 6060.4 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

13 9. "Licensed mental health professional" means:

- a. a psychiatrist who is a diplomate of the American
  Board of Psychiatry and Neurology,
- b. a psychiatrist who is a diplomate of the American
  Osteopathic Board of Neurology and Psychiatry, or
  c. a physician licensed pursuant to the Oklahoma
  Allopathic Medical and Surgical Licensure and
  Supervision Act or the Oklahoma Osteopathic Medicine
  Act;

22 10. "Medically necessary" means drugs prescribed by a health 23 care provider that are:

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Req. No. 13299

1 appropriate for the symptoms and diagnosis or a. 2 treatment of the enrollee's condition, illness, disease, or injury, 3 in accordance with standards of good medical practice, 4 b. 5 с. not primarily for the convenience of the enrollee or the enrollee's health care provider, and 6 7 d. the most appropriate supply and prescription drug that can safely be provided to the enrollee as defined by 8 9 Section 6592 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes; "Notice" means communication delivered either 10 11. electronically or through the United States Postal Service or common 11 12 carrier: 13 12. "Pharmacist" means a person licensed by the Board of 14 Pharmacy to engage in the practice of pharmacy; 15 13. "PBM" means a pharmacy benefits manager as defined by 16 Section 357 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes; 17 14. "Physician" means an allopathic or osteopathic physician 18 licensed by the State of Oklahoma or another state to practice 19 medicine; 20 15. "Prior authorization" means the process by which 21 utilization review entities determine the medical necessity and 22 medical appropriateness of otherwise covered prescription drug prior 23 to the dispensing of such prescription drug. The term shall include 24

Req. No. 13299

1 "authorization", "pre-certification", and any other term that would 2 be a reliable determination by a health benefit plan;

3 16. "Urgent prescription drug" means a prescription drug with 4 respect to which the application of the time periods for making an 5 urgent care determination, which, in the opinion of a physician with 6 knowledge of the enrollee's medical condition:

a. could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the
enrollee or the ability of the enrollee to regain
maximum function, or

b. in the opinion of a physician with knowledge of the
claimant's medical condition, would subject the
enrollee to severe pain that cannot be adequately
managed without the care or treatment that is the
subject of the utilization review; and

15 17. "Utilization review entity" means an individual or entity 16 that performs prior authorization for a health benefit plan as 17 defined by Section 6060.4 of Title 36 of the Oklahoma Statutes. 18 SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 19 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.51 of Title 36, unless 20 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A utilization review entity shall make any current prescription drug prior authorization requirements and restrictions, including written clinical criteria, readily accessible on its website to enrollees and health care providers. Prior authorization

Req. No. 13299

requirements shall be described in detail but also in easily
 understandable language.

Any health plan shall make any current prescription drug plan formulary readily accessible on its website to enrollees and health care providers.

6 All health benefit plans shall submit an HTML link for the 7 plan's formulary, to the Insurance Commissioner, on or before October 1 of each year. The Commissioner shall issue guidance and 8 9 standardized reporting requirements to ensure compliance with the 10 provisions of this section. Any confidential or trade secret 11 information shall be redacted prior to submission to the 12 Commissioner. No later than December 31, 2025, and by December 31 13 of each year thereafter, the Commissioner shall make available to 14 the public the reports submitted by insurers, as required by this 15 section.

16 If a utilization review entity intends either to implement a new 17 prior authorization requirement or restriction, or amend an existing 18 requirement or restriction, the utilization review entity shall 19 ensure that the new or amended requirement or restriction is not 20 implemented unless the utilization review entity's website has been 21 updated to reflect the new or amended requirement or restriction.

If a utilization review entity intends either to implement a new prior authorization requirement or restriction, or amend an existing requirement or restriction, the utilization review entity shall

## Req. No. 13299

provide contracted health care providers credentialed to prescribe the drug, or enrollees who have a chronic condition and are already receiving the prescription drug which the prior authorization changes will impact, notice of the new or amended requirement or restriction no less than sixty (60) days before the requirement or estriction is implemented.

7 Provided the provisions of this section do not violate any 8 applicable law, regulation, or the Oklahoma Medicaid State Plan. 9 SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.52 of Title 36, unless 11 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A utilization review entity shall ensure that all adverse determinations include alternative prescription drugs covered by the health plan's formulary and are made by a physician, pharmacist, or licensed mental health professional. The physician, pharmacist, or licensed mental health professional shall:

Possess a current and valid nonrestricted license in any
 United States jurisdiction;

19 2. Have the appropriate training, knowledge, or expertise to 20 apply appropriate clinical guidelines to the health care service 21 being requested; and

3. Make the adverse determination under the clinical direction
provided by the committee or board responsible for developing
policies for drug use, evaluating clinical appropriateness, and

## Req. No. 13299

ensuring effective drug use when reviewing prescription drug prior
 authorizations to enrollees of Oklahoma. All such medical directors
 shall be physicians licensed in any United States jurisdiction.

4 SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 5 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.53 of Title 36, unless 6 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

7 A utilization review entity shall ensure that all appeals are 8 reviewed by a physician, pharmacist, or licensed mental health 9 professional. The physician, pharmacist, or licensed mental health 10 professional shall:

Possess a current and valid unrestricted license in any
 United States jurisdiction;

13 2. Be of the same or similar specialty as a physician, 14 pharmacist, or licensed mental health professional who typically 15 manages the medical condition or disease, which means that the 16 physician either maintains board certification for the same or 17 similar specialty as the medical condition in question or whose 18 training and experience:

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a. includes treating the condition,

- 20 b. includes treating complications that may result from
  21 the service or procedure, and
- c. is sufficient for the physician, pharmacist, or
   licensed mental health professional to determine if
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1 the service or procedure is medically necessary or 2 clinically appropriate, except for appeals coming from a licensed mental health 3 4 professional, which may be conducted by another licensed mental 5 health professional as opposed to a physician, or for appeals coming from a pharmacist, which may be conducted by another licensed 6 7 pharmacist as opposed to a physician; 3. Not have been directly involved in making the adverse 8 9 determination; 4. Not have any financial interest in the outcome of the 10 11 appeal; and 12 5. Consider all known clinical aspects of the health care 13 service under review, including, but not limited to, a review of 14 those medical records which are pertinent and relevant to the active 15 condition provided to the utilization review entity by the 16 enrollee's health care provider, or a health care facility, and any 17 pertinent medical literature provided to the utilization review 18 entity by the health care provider. 19 A new section of law to be codified SECTION 6. NEW LAW 20 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.54 of Title 36, unless 21 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. If a utilization review entity requires prior authorization of a prescription drug, the utilization review entity shall make a prior authorization or adverse determination and notify the enrollee

Req. No. 13299

1 and the enrollee's health care provider of the prior authorization 2 or adverse determination in accordance with the time frames set 3 forth below:

For purposes of approving prior authorization for urgent
 prescription drugs, within twenty-four (24) hours of obtaining all
 necessary information to make the prior authorization or adverse
 determination; or

8 2. For purposes of approving prior authorization for non-urgent 9 prescription drugs, within four (4) business days of obtaining all 10 necessary information to make the prior authorization or adverse 11 determination.

For purposes of this section, "necessary information" includes, but is not limited to, the results of any face-to-face clinical evaluation or second opinion that may be required.

B. For those health care providers that submit all necessary information through the utilization review entity's authorized prior authorization system, prescription drugs are deemed authorized if a utilization review entity fails to comply with the deadlines set forth in this section.

20 C. In the notification to the health care provider that a prior 21 authorization has been approved, the utilization review entity shall 22 include in such notification the duration of the prior authorization 23 or the date by which the prior authorization will expire.

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Req. No. 13299

1SECTION 7.NEW LAWA new section of law to be codified2in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.55 of Title 36, unless3there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A utilization review entity shall not require prior
authorization for prescription drugs administered as a part of the
provision of emergency health care services.

7 SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
8 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.56 of Title 36, unless
9 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

10 A. If a prior authorization is required for a prescription drug 11 for the treatment of a chronic condition of an enrollee, and the 12 enrollee remains on the same health plan, then the prior 13 authorization shall remain valid for three (3) years from the date 14 the health care provider receives the prior authorization approval, 15 unless clinical criteria changes, the enrollee's health plan removes 16 the generic prescription drug from the formulary, or moves the 17 prescription drug to a less preferred tier status on its formulary.

18 B. This section shall not apply to prior authorizations19 approved for:

A prescription drug that is an opioid or is a controlled
 substance that is prohibited from being dispensed without a
 prescription under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, 21
 U.S.C., Section 301 et seq., as amended; or

24 2. A prescription drug for the treatment of weight loss.

Req. No. 13299

C. Provided the provisions of this section do not violate any
 applicable law, regulation, or the Oklahoma Medicaid State Plan.
 SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.57 of Title 36, unless
 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. On receipt of information documenting a prior authorization
from the enrollee or from the enrollee's health care provider, a
utilization review entity shall honor a prior authorization granted
to an enrollee from a previous utilization review entity for at
least the initial sixty (60) days of an enrollee's coverage under a
new health plan.

B. During the time period described in subsection A of this section, a utilization review entity may perform its own review to grant a prior authorization or make an adverse determination.

C. A utilization review entity shall continue to honor a prior authorization it has granted to an enrollee when the enrollee changes products under the same health insurance company for the initial sixty (60) days of an enrollee's coverage under the new product unless the service is no longer a covered service under the new product.

D. During the time period described in subsection C of this section, a utilization review entity may simultaneously perform a review to grant a prior authorization or to make an adverse determination.

Req. No. 13299

E. Provided the provisions of this section do not violate any
 applicable law, regulation, or the Oklahoma Medicaid State Plan.

3 SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.58 of Title 36, unless 5 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 The Insurance Commissioner may, if the Commissioner finds that 7 any person or organization has violated the provisions of this act, 8 impose a penalty of not more than Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) 9 for each such violation. Such penalties may be in addition to any 10 other penalty provided by law.

11 No penalty shall be imposed except upon written order of the 12 Commissioner or the appointed independent hearing examiner, stating 13 the findings of the Commissioner or the appointed independent 14 hearing examiner after the notice and opportunity for a hearing in 15 accordance with Article II of the Administrative Procedures Act. A new section of law to be codified 16 SECTION 11. NEW LAW 17 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 6570.59 of Title 36, unless 18 there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 19 This act shall apply to the Oklahoma Medicaid State Plan. 20 SECTION 12. This act shall become effective November 1, 2025. 21 22 60-1-13299 03/06/25 TKR 23

24